NATIONAL ACADEMIES Sciences Engineering Medicine

# A Vision and Roadmap for Education Statistics: Overview

Federal Committee on Statistical Methodology Session D-5

Amy O'Hara, Georgetown University and Study Panel Member Melissa Chiu, Deputy Director, Committee on National Statistics and Study Director





OCTOBER 26, 2022

### Charge to the Panel

From Department of Education's Institute of Education Sciences (IES) to study the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES)

- Review trends and developments in using alternative data sources
- Consider current and future priorities
- Vision and roadmap for next 7 years
  - Recommend future portfolio of products and activities
  - Suggest changes to NCES's programs and operations
  - Ways to increase impact
- Focus on NCES's statistical programs





### Education Data Landscape Changing Rapidly

Three trends provide context for the study

- Student populations more diverse
- Explosion of data sources
- Strong interest in evidence-based decision making
  - Foundations for Evidence-Based Policymaking Act of 2018





## **Reimagining NCES**

Panel's approach to the charge

# What would an education statistics agency be and do if it were established today?

Condition: assume same level of resources for immediate actionability





#### The Vision

NCES as a leader of the 21<sup>st</sup>-century education data ecosystem

- Act and make decisions strategically
- Nimble, adapting to changes in environment
- Relevant, timely, reliable products and services
- Creative partnerships

NATION

- Strong role in evidence building
- Grasp opportunities of new data sources for analytic insights
- Expand services in data governance and data facilitation
- Strategically responsive to stakeholders





#### **Recommendations and Conclusions**

Actions to realize the vision

- Need transformative rather than marginal change to make true progress
- 5 conclusions, 15 recommendations
- Operational details and illustrative examples to assist with implementation
- Fundamental recommendations in Chapter 2 are the most transformative
- NCES is currently addressing some aspects of these recommendations yet the Center can push further to fully embody each recommendation
- Conditions are better than ever to take action





## Fundamental Recommendations



#### Act and Make Decisions Strategically

Incentivizing innovation and creative partnerships for greater impact, Rec. 2-1

- Strategic planning to make tough tradeoff decisions (Rec. 2-1)
  - IES and ED support and empower NCES to be independent, yet strategically aligned (Recs. 2-2, 2-1)
- Prioritize data collections, products (especially consider diversity) (Recs. 2-4, 3-1, 3-2; Con. 3-1)
- Expand data sources to gain new insights (Recs. 2-5, 2-6, 4-2)
- Expand data access services for evidence building and research (Recs. 2-3, 4-4, 4-5; Con. 4-1)
- Expand stakeholder engagements to ensure relevance (Recs. 4-1, 4-2, 4-3)
- Improve dissemination and usefulness for broader impact (Con. 4-2, Rec. 4-6)
- Leverage external resources as a force multiplier to extend impact (e.g., Recs. 4-4, 4-5, 5-1, 4-2; Con. 4-1)
- **Strategically organize, use resources** to build internal capabilities and culture of innovation (Cons. 5-1, 5-2; Recs. 5-1, 2-4)





8

### Maximize NCES's Unique Value for Evidence Building

Increasing value of data products and services, Rec. 2-3

- Mission expanded by Evidence Act new authority and mandate to **acquire data** from federal agencies and to **facilitate access to data**
- Collaborate **within ED Statistical Official connects** Chief Data Officer, Evaluation Officer by turning data into high-quality information fit to inform policy, decision making
- Build stronger partnerships with NCEE, NCER, NCSER collaboratively decide
  - the priority datasets NCES should acquire and link, and
  - providing access to external researchers as a **force multiplier** for answering Learning Agenda questions (also Rec. 4-5)
- Collaborate with data-holding agencies and organizations (Rec. 4-2)
- Support state and local education agencies in data access and linkage (Rec. 4-4)





9

#### Expand Data Sources to Gain New Insights

Acquiring data strategically to improve efficiency, timeliness, and relevance, Recs. 2-5, 2-6

- Use and develop new data sources, data linkage, especially administrative data
- Study quality, fitness for use, bridging, and series continuity
- Expand responsible, secure access and linkage tools
- Partner within IES, ED, and with other federal statistical agencies
  - Data-science methods to harness and link data
  - Strengthen impact of techniques
  - Develop useful products and processes (Rec. 4-2)
- Modernize consent language, permit secondary uses, privacy-protected linkage





#### Embed Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Accessibility Awareness for Relevance & Accuracy

Enabling nimble adaptation to serve contemporary communities in the world of education, Rec. 2-4

- Throughout the data lifecycle
  - Data content and questionnaire design
    - Not only measurement of groups, but ...
    - Measurement of any social construct that may have different interpretations for different groups
    - Outcomes and the educational process: Equity, access to education, opportunity to learn (Ch. 3)
  - Collection ethics and benefits/reciprocation to respondents
  - Processing, imputation, machine learning, algorithms avoid reinforcing historical assumptions
  - Products & dissemination thoughtful questions, inclusive language, accessible formats (Con. 4-2)
- Throughout the organization and work

ΝΛΤΙΟΝΛ

- Staff, stakeholders, contractors and contracts, external researchers, fellows



## Engagement and Partnerships



## Engage Researchers- Evidence Building

Partnering with External Researchers and Analysts for Evidence Building, Rec. 4-5

- Establish a joint statistical research program (JSRP)
  - expand access to restricted data, can leverage existing data license program
  - match internal staff with highly qualified external researchers, statisticians, data scientists
- Collaborate within IES promote/signal important areas (strategic analytic agenda) to build up research, analysis, and evidence to advance knowledge on those topics
- Expand reach and impact
  - Develop **community of users** (also Rec. 4-1)
  - Partner with other federal agencies with extramural research or other data-access programs (also Rec. 4-2)
  - Support state & local researchers and analysts build capacity to link and analyze data (Rec. 4-4)
  - Expand role in data governance, facilitation of data linkage, access, and use (Con. 4-1)





#### Engage Researchers– Consulting

Receiving and using the help of an external review body, Rec. 4-3

- Explore and establish creative models for a nimble, ongoing consulting body
  - Help innovation, continual improvement
  - (Moral) accountability for progress on strategic goals
  - May provide backing when NCES faces difficult decisions
  - Regular members, continuing relationship
  - NOT subject Federal Advisory Committee Act
- Supplemented by a pool of ad hoc consultants
  - Depends on particular expertise as the need arises
  - Varying experts, periodic, time-limited





#### Support State and Local Education Agencies

Scaling NCES's impact by strengthening state and local capacity for evidence building, Rec. 4-4, Con. 4-1

- Set priority activities, goals, outcomes for Statewide Longitudinal Data Systems (SLDS) awards
  - Award proposals that are high value and meet these criteria, e.g., for -
  - Infrastructure investments for high-value data linkages (e.g., across social domains) to build new insights
  - States to share data, facilitate data access, provide technical assistance, analytic assistance to local education agencies (LEAs)
  - States to facilitate collaborations among regions or groups of LEAs
  - Generating products and tools useful to LEAs and SEAs
  - Creating shareable data to benefit all states
- Establish **state liaisons for data and statistics**, modeled on existing assessment program coordinators
  - Execute standards and data access security, build data linkages, support LEAs, support NCES collections
- · Create relevant, actionable, timely products
  - Especially for local and state education agencies, who often lack data analysis resources (Rec. 4-6)





#### Engage Researchers- Internal Capacity Building

Leveraging external resources strategically to build internal capabilities and culture of innovation, Recs. 4-3, 4-5, 5-1

- Current organizational structure limits innovation (Con. 5-1)
- Overreliance on contractors, high turnover endanger NCES's ability to retain **institutional knowledge** and build **internal capabilities** needed to meet its strategic goals (Con. 5-2)
- Leverage contractors and creative staffing (e.g., research fellows, IPAs) to work collaboratively with staff to build internal capacity (Rec. 5-1)
- Joint statistical research program (Rec. 4-5) and nimble, ongoing consulting body (Rec. 4-3)– benefits to NCES
  - External analysts, consultants contribute innovative ideas, support a learning-centered environment at NCES
  - Increase **diversity** of researchers, innovative ideas (also Rec. 2-4)
  - Improve methods, data quality, fitness for purpose, understand questions and emerging issues

NATIONAL ACADEMIES



16

#### **QUESTIONS?**

CONTACT Melissa C. Chiu Deputy Director, CNSTAT Study Director, A Vision and Roadmap for Education Statistics

mchiu@nas.edu

NATIONA

ACADEMIES

#### READ THE FULL REPORT AND RESOURCES

https://doi.org/10.17226/26392

LEARN MORE ABOUT CNSTAT

www.nationalacademies.org/cnstat

VIEW ALL CNSTAT PUBLICATIONS

https://nap.nationalacademies.org/author/CNSTAT/





Appendix Slides – Recommendation Details



#### Prioritize Topics, Data Content, and Statistical Products to Maintain Relevance

Prioritizing content to be effective with limited resources, Rec. 3-1

- NCES cannot be all things to all stakeholders
- Limited resources necessitate hard choices
- Recommend NCES use a systematic method to review data acquisition activities and
  - Prioritize topics most relevant to understanding contemporary education
  - Discontinue activities disproportionately costly and burdensome, relative to their value
- Choices best made by NCES during strategic planning (now is premature)
- Numerous Congressionally-mandated topics in law
  - May no longer reflect what is important for understanding contemporary education (Con. 3-1)
  - Revisit priorities mandated by Congress and, where appropriate, make recommendations for changes (Rec. 3-2)

NATIONAL ACADEMIES



#### Prioritize Topics, Data Content, and Statistical Products to Maintain Relevance – Specific Thoughts

High-value topics and data needs where NCES can advance the topic, Ch. 3, App. C

- Panel conducted a process with limited information (App. C); the resulting priorities-
- Equity and access issues: outcomes, educational processes and implementation, access to education, opportunity to learn
- Early childhood education
- Career and technical education, adult education including literacy
- Educational environment
  - Administrative infrastructure- teaching workforce, training, recruiting, placement, turnover
  - Technology and tools- access to and use of technology, online education
  - Cross-state and international comparisons- differences in curricula, policies, practices





#### Expand Stakeholder Engagements to Ensure Relevance

Improving dissemination and usefulness for broader impact, Rec. 4-6, Con. 4-2

- Create relevant, actionable, timely products
  - Especially for local and state education agencies
- Improve accessibility and usability to benefit a broader audience (Con. 4-2)
- Review and revise internal and external quality assurance processes to **match use and timeliness needs**
- Create and incorporate feedback loops
  - Deepen and broader engagement to gather continual feedback about user needs (Rec. 4-1)
  - Establish a nimble, ongoing consulting body (Rec. 4-3)
  - Collaborate with data-holding federal agencies and organizations for relevant products (Rec. 4-2)





#### Flatlined Program Funds = Loss of Purchasing Power



ΝΛΤΙΟΝΛΙ

**ACADEMIES** 

Sciences

Medicine

Enaineerina

#### Statistics Program

- FY 2010: \$109M
- FY 2021 buying power: ~\$131M
  17% less buying power
- FY 2021 Actual: \$112M
- Difference:

- >\$19M less
- SLDS Program
- FY 2005: \$25M
- FY 2009: \$65M
- FY 2013: \$36M
- FY 2021: \$34M

Note: Figure does not show the allocations from ED's Salaries and Expenses (S&E) appropriation, which pay NCES's employees

# NCES Employees Manage More Dollars Than Other Principal Statistical Agencies(Ch. 5)



ΝΛΤΙΟΝΛΙ

ACADEMIES Medicine

Sciences

Engineering

 The average number of dollars managed per employee was nearly three times larger for NCES (\$2.8M) than each of the next three largest agencies

- Heavy reliance on contractors
- Can result in knowledge loss over time

- Yellows = small
- Blues = medium
- Greys = large

Colors denote agency size in FTEs

#### Staffing Declined as Scope Increased (Ch. 1, App. D)



ΝΛΤΙΟΝΛΙ

ACADEMIES Medicine

Sciences

Engineering

- Net loss since FY 2003
- NCES: 23 FTEs (20%)
- Statistics units: 25 FTEs (30%)

## Net loss since FY 2010 peak is starker

• NCES: 34 FTEs (27%)

• Statistics units: 28 FTEs (33%)

Note: NCES's employees are paid via an allocation from ED's Salaries and Expenses (S&E) appropriation

# Roadmap



#### Immediately

The secretary of education, director of IES & NCES commissioner should:
 ☑ Collaborate to ensure that NCES is independent in developing, producing, and disseminating statistics (Recommendation 2-2)
 ☑ Take actions to enable the NCES commissioner to most effectively fulfill the responsibilities of the statistical official (Recommendation 2-3)



Within 1 year of the developed strategic plan: NCES will have action plans that allow the agency to:

✓ Increase diversity and awareness of equity issues (Recommendation 2-4)

Expand data acquisition strategies to gain new insights (Recommendations 2-5 and 2-6)

#### Within 1 year of this report:

☑ NCES will have developed a strategic

plan (Recommendation 2-1)

And NCES should begin:

- Reviewing and prioritizing its data acquisition activities (Recommendation 3-1)
- Collaborating with other data-holding federal agencies and organizations (Recommendation 4-2)
- ☑ Planning for Year 2-4 activities (below)

#### Within 6 months of a developed strategic plan:

 NCES will have an implementation plan [for the strategic plan] (Recommendation 2-1)
 NCES should establish and begin using an external consulting body (Recommendation 4-3)

And NCES should begin: ☑ Transforming its internal structure and operations (Recommendation 5-1) ☑ Creating engagement feedback loops to ensure relevance (Recommendations 4-1 and 4-2) ☑ Expanding its role enabling data access to serve and engage stakeholders (Recommendation 4-4) ☑ Partnering with external researchers and analysts for evidence building (Recommendation 4-5)

> Next Gen NCES

Within 2 years of the developed strategic plan, NCES should: Be creating new actionable products and tools for local and state agencies (Recommendation 4-6)