

Southwest Border Migrant Encounter Projections

October 2023

Office of Homeland Security Statistics/Migration Analysis Center Science and Technology Directorate/MMI

OHSS SWB ENCOUNTER PROJECTIONS

- The Office of Homeland Security Statistics (OHSS) runs the enterprise-wide Southwest border migrant encounter projections for DHS. A monthly interagency working group meets to discuss these projections.
- Projections inform operational, budgetary, and policy planning. They are also used in downstream modelling of other indicators of interest.
- I will present:
 - Overview of Methodology
 - Example Results
 - Example Evaluations of Forecast Accuracy





OVERVIEW OF METHODOLOGY

- Bayesian Structural Time Series (BSTS) model
 - Separate simultaneous estimates of:
 - Semi-local linear trend
 - Autoregressive (AR) terms
 - Seasonality (monthly dummy variables)
 - Underlying drivers of migration, based on data-driven regression results, reviewing existing research, and discussions with DHS components
 - Government of Mexico Apprehensions
 - USA Unemployment
 - Removals as share of T8 encounters
 - Separate runs for each citizenship (top 14 plus all other) and family status group (Single Adult, Family Unit member, or Unaccompanied Child).
 - Subject Matter Expert (SME) survey provides input on results. Additional assumptions are used to create planning lines.
 - Diagnostic statistics (MAPE) calculated in each month.





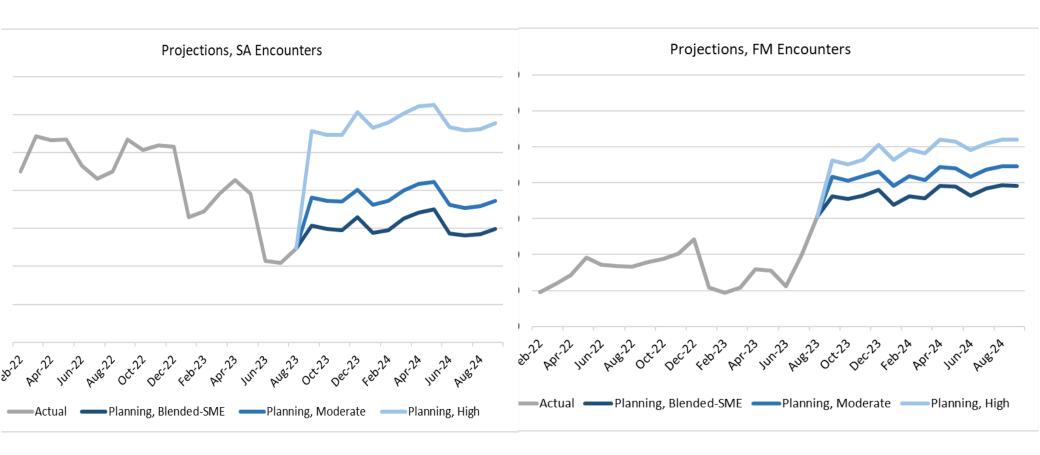
SME SURVEY

- Distributed each month to SMEs across DHS components, HHS, State, and USAID.
- SMEs react to statistical model results and provide input on whether to adjust the projections higher, lower, or to keep them as is.
- SMEs provide input on expectations for total encounters or by family type (SA, FM, UC).
- As participation in the SME survey has increased, the SME survey has begun to increase the forecast accuracy.
- With monthly meetings to review results and discuss ongoing migration trends, the quality of SME input is improving over time.
- Going forward, we intend to continue expanding the number of respondents and maintaining the engagement of existing respondents.





PLANNING MODELS: FM & SA ENCOUNTERS (DAILY AVERAGE)

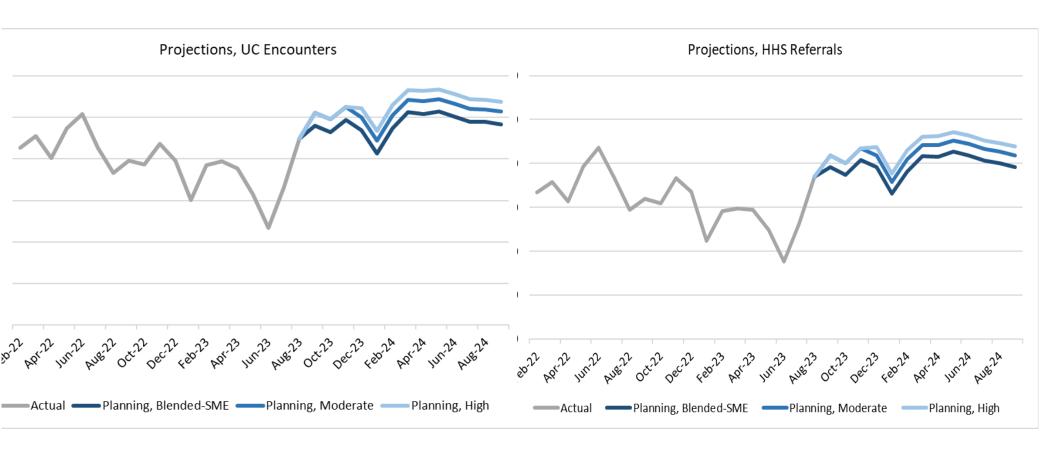


^{*} Encounter projections exclude CBP One arrivals and OFO Paroles.





PLANNING MODELS: UC & UC OTM ENCOUNTERS (DAILY AVERAGE)



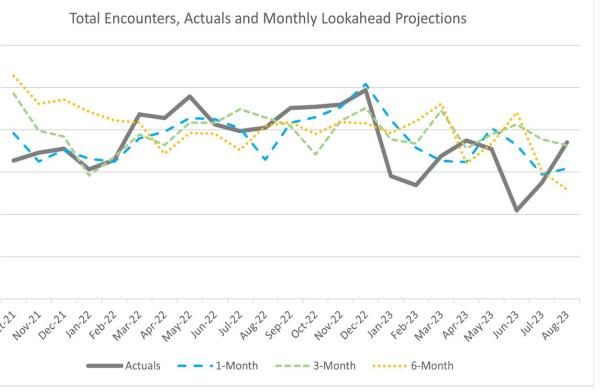
^{*} Encounter projections exclude CBP One arrivals and OFO Paroles.





SHORT-TERM PROJECTIONS: EVALUATION

- Evaluation statistics are calculated on a rolling basis to evaluate model performance
 - Evaluation statistics include: Median Percent Error and Median Absolute Percent Error (Median APE).¹
- Diagnostics allow us to identify sub-groups with the most room for improvement and test model adjustments before
 making changes.
 - Example: OHSS identified CHNV as countries where models needed improvement. In January, OHSS removed the trend component from the models for these four countries. This has improved forecast accuracy.



	1- Month	3- Month	6- Month
Median Percent Error, Full 23 Months	-1%	2%	-2%
Median APE, Full 23 Months	8%	11%	18%
Median APE, Last 12 Months	11%	17%	15%

1. Medians instead of means are used because the arithmetic mean of the percent error is not as valid when dealing with evaluations of population forecasts (Moreno et al. 2013; Tayman & Swanson, 1999; Fildes, 1992)





THANK YOU

Justin Schon, PhD
Office of Homeland Security Statistics, DHS
justin.schon@hq.dhs.gov

Nadwa Mossaad, PhD
Office of Homeland Security Statistics, DHS
nadwa.mossad@hq.dhs.gov

Douglas Baals, PhD
Applied Research Associates
douglas.baals@associates.dhs.gov

Link to OHSS Products:

https://www.dhs.gov/immigration-statistics



