

Managing Confidentiality and Provenance across Mixed Private and Publicly-Accessed Data and Metadata

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Introduction

NCRN

- ▶ This work is part of the NSF Census Research Network (NCRN) - Cornell Node ("Integrated Research Support, Training and Data Documentation")
- ▶ Funded by NSF Grant #1131848.
- ▶ For more information, see www.ncrn.cornell.edu.



Introduction

Overview of work

- ▶ Basic program outlined in Abowd, Vilhuber, and Block (PSD 2012) [3] and Lagoze, Block, Williams, Abowd, and Vilhuber, (IDCC 2013) [8]
- ▶ PROV extension described in more detail in Lagoze, Williams, Vilhuber (Metadata and Semantics Research Conference, November 2013) and Lagoze et al (European DDI User Conference, December 2013) [9]

Introduction

Some facts that motivated us

Stating the problem in the U.S. case

CED²AR: A proposed solution

- What is DDI

- DDI extension for confidentiality protection

- DDI extension for provenance tracing

Replication of research results

Critical element of science

- ▶ Replication of methods, data inputs, computational environment is a critical element of the scientific approach
- ▶ Journals, funding agencies (in the U.S.) have been moving to making archiving of inputs to scientific results more robust, even mandatory

Not a new problem

Econometrica

“In its first issue, the editor of *Econometrica* (1933), Ragnar Frisch, noted the importance of publishing data such that readers could fully explore empirical results. Publication of data, however, was discontinued early in the journal’s history. [...] The journal arrived full-circle in late 2004 when *Econometrica* adopted one of the more stringent policies on availability of data and programs.

<http://www.econometricsociety.org/submissions.asp#4> as cited in Anderson et al (2005)

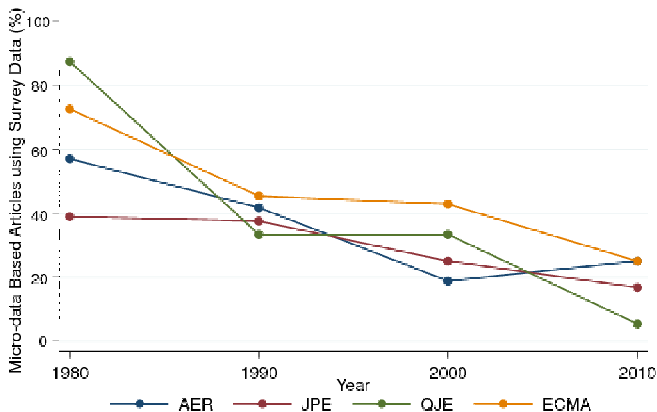
Problem will become worse

Increased use of restricted-access data

- ▶ Today's young scholars pursue research programs that mandate inherently identifiable data
 - ▶ Geospatial relations,
 - ▶ Exact genome data,
 - ▶ Networks of all sorts,
 - ▶ Linked administrative records
- ▶ These researchers acquire authorized, generally unfettered, restricted access to the confidential, identifiable data and perform their analyses in secure environments.
- ▶ Archiving (curation) of input data is complicated
- ▶ Knowledge discovery is complicated

Decline in the use of classic public-use data

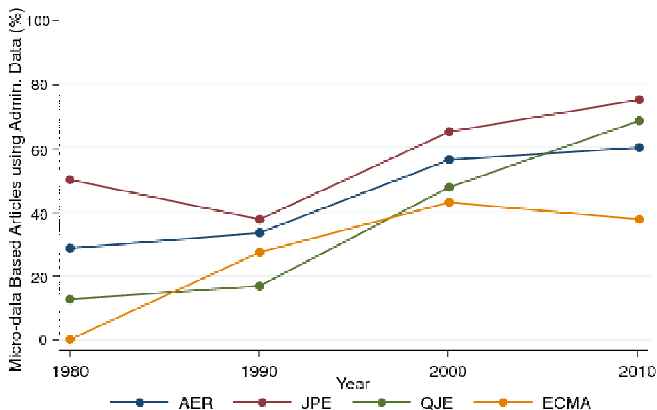
Use of Pre-Existing Survey Data In Publications In Leading Journals, 1980-2010



Note: In this figure, classic public-use data surveys refer to the CPS, PSID and AIDA. We include surveys designed by researchers for their study. Sample excludes studies whose primary data source is from developing countries.

Increase in the use of administrative data in economics

Use of Administrative Data in Publications in Leading Journals, 1980-2010



Note: "Micro-data based" refers to data sets that are not from a single source, but are instead a combination of multiple sources (e.g., scanner data, stock prices, school district records, social security records). Sample excludes studies whose primary data source is from developing countries.

Not limited to economics

Nature, 2012

“Many of the emerging ‘big data’ applications come from private sources that are inaccessible to other researchers. The data source may be hidden, compounding problems of verification, as well as concerns about the generality of the results.”

(Huberman, Nature 482, 308 (16 February 2012) doi:10.1038/482308d)

Other domains

- ▶ Biology (genetics data, chemical compounds)
- ▶ Computer science (search records, single-firm examples)

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Why we think there is a problem

Core issues

- a Insufficient curation (starting with archiving)
- b No way to reference data (unique identifiers)
- c No consistent way to learn about the data (metadata dissemination)
- d Weak or non-existent provenance tracing

Generalized problem

Multiple data sources in the US

- ▶ U.S. Census Bureau (RDC) ▶ [more](#)
- ▶ Internal Revenue Service (confidential, public-use) ▶ [more](#)
- ▶ Bureau of Labor Statistics (confidential, public-use data) ▶ [more](#)

Present elsewhere?

- ▶ Canada:
 - ▶ Centre for Data Development and Economic Research (CDER: RDC-like for business data) ▶ [more](#)
 - ▶ better: Canadian RDC network ▶ [more](#)
- ▶ France: Réseau Quetelet ▶ [more](#) , Centre d'accès sécurisé distant aux données (CASD)
- ▶ Germany: IAB

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Comprehensive Extensible Data Documentation and Access (CED²AR)

Core

We develop the core of a method for solving the data archive and curation problem that confronts the custodians of restricted-access research data and the scientific users of such data. Our solution recognizes the dual protections afforded by physical security and access limitation protocols, and allows for much improved provenance tracing.

Proposed solution

Extensible framework

- ▶ Based on existing standards (Data Documentation Initiative, DDI) with extension to accomodate disclosure protection mechanisms and provenance tracing

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- ▶ To be filled by multiple sources of metadata (some the curators/owners, others “crowd-sourced”)

Proposed solution

Extensible framework

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- ▶ Interim solution for those datasets without unique identifiers (Digital Object Identifier, DOI)

Proposed solution

Extensible framework

- ▶ Based on existing standards (Data Documentation Initiative, DDI) with **extension to accomodate disclosure protection mechanisms and provenance tracing**
- ▶ Connectors (import/export) to other sources and standards
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- ▶ Interim solution for those datasets without unique identifiers (Digital Object Identifier, DOI)

What is DDI?

Example of DDI

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<codeBook xmlns="ddi:codebook:2_5" ...>
  <docDscr>
    <citation>
      <titlStmt>
        <titl>SIPP_Synthetic_Beta</titl>
        <altTitl>SSB</altTitl>
        <IDNo agency="DOI">TBD</IDNo>
      </titlStmt>
      <rspStmt>
        <AuthEnty affiliation="Cornell University">
          Virtual RDC
        </AuthEnty>
      </rspStmt>
    </citation>
  </docDscr>
</codeBook>

```

..better seen as

The screenshot shows the CED²AR (Confidentiality, Ethics, Data, and Access Reporting) website. The header is red with the CED²AR logo and the tagline "The Confidentiality, Ethics, Data, and Access Reporting". Below the header is a navigation bar with links: Search, Browse, Documentation, and About. The main content area is white and features the title "SIPP Synthetic Beta" in a large, bold font. Below the title, there is a subtitle "Synthetic SIPP (N) Data" and a description "Prepared by Census 2010 Census Research Network" and "Released August 1, 2011". There are two main sections: "Abstract" and "Confidentiality Declaration". The "Abstract" section includes a "Citation Request" and a link to "Download the Abstract". The "Confidentiality Declaration" section includes a "Disclaimer" and a link to "Download the Declaration".

CED²AR
The Confidentiality, Ethics, Data, and Access Reporting

Search Browse Documentation About

SIPP Synthetic Beta
Synthetic SIPP (N) Data
Prepared by Census 2010 Census Research Network
Released August 1, 2011

► **Abstract**
Citation Request
Download the Abstract

► **Confidentiality Declaration**
Disclaimer
Download the Declaration

Example DDI: ICPSR

[Find & Analyze Data](#)

[Find & Analyze Data](#)

[Find & Analyze Data](#)

[Find & Analyze Data](#)

[Find & Analyze Data](#)

[Find & Analyze Data](#)

ICPSR Find & Analyze Data

Find Data Search Compare Variables Find Publications Research for Students Get Help

Table of Contents

- Find Data
- Access Data
- Compare
- Search Variables
- Library
- Search Results
- Help/FAQ
- ICPSR
- Related Publications
- Search
- ICPSR
- ICPSR Data
- ICPSR Data

Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) 2004 Panel (ICPSR 4517)

Principal Investigator(s) United States Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census

Summary:
This data collection is part of a longitudinal survey designed to provide detailed information on the economic situation of households and persons in the United States. Since data enabled the distribution of income, wealth, and poverty in American society and gauge the effects of social and economic programs on the well-being of American households. There are five basic elements involved in this survey. The first is a control card that records basic social and demographic information. The second is a household roster. The third is a household questionnaire. The fourth is a household interview. The fifth is a household diary.

Series: [Survey of Income and Program Participation \(SIPP\) Series](#)

Accession Number:
1. These data are freely available.

DISCLAIMER(s)
WARNING: Because this study has many elements, the download of this option has been suppressed, and you will need to download one dataset at a time.
WARNING: This study is past 2004 and may have several elements to download on a specific request connection.

Example DDI: UK data archive

The screenshot shows the UK Data Archive website for the Family Expenditure Survey. The page layout includes a top navigation bar with links like 'About us', 'Contact', 'News', 'Help', 'Privacy', and 'Terms'. Below this is a search bar and a list of datasets. The 'Family Expenditure Survey' is highlighted. The page content includes a 'Series Abstract' section with a description of the survey, a 'Data Access' section with a link to the data, and a 'Related Resources' section with links to related studies and documents.

UK Data Archive

Search

Family Expenditure Survey

Series Abstract

The Family Expenditure Survey (FES), which ran from 1962 to 1978, was a comprehensive survey of the living conditions of households and personal income. It was the first survey to use a computerized data collection system, and it was the first survey to use a computerized data processing system. The FES was the first survey to use a computerized data processing system, and it was the first survey to use a computerized data processing system.

Data Access

See also: [Family Expenditure Survey: 1962-1978](#)

Related Resources

Family Expenditure Survey: 1962-1978

Family Expenditure Survey: 1962-1978

Family Expenditure Survey: 1962-1978

Family Expenditure Survey: 1962-1978

Family Expenditure Survey: 1962-1978

Family Expenditure Survey: 1962-1978

Expanded DDI attributes

Standard DDI

Fragment of variable description*

```

<var ID="V1" dcml="0" files="F1" intrvl="discrete"
  name="cur_end mar_flag">
  <location width="12"/>
    <labl>Flag: Linked marriage ended</labl>
    <valrng>
      <range UNITS="REAL" max="2" min="0"/>
    </valrng>
    <sumStat type="vald"> 123 </sumStat>
    <sumStat type="invd"> 456 </sumStat>
    <catgry>
      <catValu> 1 </catValu>
      <catStat type="freq"> 234 </catStat>
    </catgry>

```

* All values are fake

Expanded DDI attributes

Standard DDI

Fragment of variable description*

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<!--var ID="V1" dcml="0" files="F1" intrvl="discrete"
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    </valrng -->
    <sumStat type="vald"> 123 </sumStat>
    <sumStat type="invd"> 456 </sumStat>
  <!-- catgry>
    <catValu> 1 </catValu>
    <catStat type="freq"> 234 </catStat>
  </catgry -->
```

* All values are fake

Expanded DDI attributes

Enhanced DDI

Re-using existing attribute, but expanding scope.*

```
<var ID="V1" dcml="0" files="F1" intrvl="discrete"
  name="cur_end mar_flag">
  <location width="12"/>
  <labl>Flag: Linked marriage ended</labl>
  <valrng access="release">
    <range UNITS="REAL" max="2" min="0"/>
  </valrng>
  <sumStat access="restricted" type="vald"> 123 </sumStat>
  <sumStat access="restricted" type="invd"> 456 </sumStat>
  <catgry access="release">
    <catValu access="release"> 1 </catValu>
    <catStat type="freq" access="restricted">
      234
    </catStat>
  </catgry>
```

* All values are fake

Expanded DDI attributes

Enhanced DDI

Allows for verifiable filtering*

```
<var ID="V1" dcml="0" files="F1" intrvl="discrete"
  name="cur_end mar_flag">
  <location width="12"/>
  <labl>Flag: Linked marriage ended</labl>
  <valrng access="release">
    <range UNITS="REAL" max="2" min="0"/>
  </valrng>
  <!-- sumStat suppressed -->
  <!-- sumStat suppressed -->
  <catgry access="release">
    <catValu access="release"> 1 </catValu>
    <catStat type="freq" access="restricted">
      [suppressed]
    </catStat>
  </catgry>
```

* All values are fake

Application to confidentiality protection

Browse all Variables

Searching Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database. Uncheck any variables to be released, then press [GO](#).

Show 12 ▾ variables

Confidential	Variable Name	Label	Codebook
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	act	dropped Activity Code	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	business	dropped Base NAICS code	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	business	dropped Base SIC code	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	dnp	dropped	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	cfr	dropped Census File Number	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	county	masked County FIPS code	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	emp	synthetic March 12 Employment	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	firstflag	dropped First Link Flag	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	firstyear	synthetic First Year Establishment is Observed	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database

Options

- ▶ Variable is suppressed, including all subordinate elements
- ▶ Variable description is released, but all subordinate statistical elements are suppressed (attribute of `< var >` set to "released") [default]
- ▶ Expand all existing attributes, individually select subordinate elements to suppress (attribute of sub-element is set to "suppressed", content suppressed)

Application to confidentiality protection

Browse all Variables

Searching Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database: Uncheck any variables to be released, then press **SAVE**.

Show 11 variables

Confidential	Variable Name	Label	Codebook
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	act_	dropped Activity Code	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	business	dropped Best NAICS code	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	business	dropped Best SIC code	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	drop	dropped	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	enr	dropped Census File Number	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	county	matched County FIPS codes	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input type="checkbox"/>	emp	synthetic March 12 Employment	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	firstlink	dropped First Link Plug	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database
<input type="checkbox"/>	firstyear	synthetic First Year Establishment is Observed	Synthetic Longitudinal Business Database

Application to confidentiality protection

Browse all Variables

Searching Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database: Uncheck any variables to be released, then press **SAVE**.

Show 11 variables

Confidential	Variable Name	Label	Codebook
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	act...	dropped Activity Code	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	business...	dropped Best NAICS code	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	business...	dropped Best SIC code	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	drop...	dropped	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	en...	dropped Census File Number	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	county...	market County FIPS codes	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database
<input type="checkbox"/>	emp...	synchro: March 12 Employment	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	first...	dropped First Link Plug	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database
<input type="checkbox"/>	first...	synchro: First Year Establishment is Observed	Synchro: Longitudinal Business Database

Implementation

Definitions

- ▶ First draft of specification in test use by our team

Implementation

Definitions

- ▶ First draft of specification in test use by our team
- ▶ Full enhanced specification (based on DDI-Codebook 2.5) published on CED²AR

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- ▶ Enhanced specification proposed to DDI Alliance

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- ▶ Full enhanced specification (based on DDI-Codebook 2.5) published on CED²AR
- ▶ Enhanced specification proposed to DDI Alliance
- ▶ Expand to DDI-Lifecycle

Provenance

The provenance problem

“data provenance, one kind of metadata, pertains to the derivation history of a data product starting from its original sources” [...] “from it, one can ascertain the quality of the data base and its ancestral data and derivations, track back sources of errors, allow automated reenactment of derivations to update the data, and provide attribution of data sources”

Simmhan, Plale, and Gannon, “A survey of data provenance in e-science,” ACM Sigmod Record, 2005

Support in DDI

Provenance and Metadata

Not (currently) a “native” component of DDI, closest thing is:

```
<xs:complexType name="othrStdyMatType">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="baseElementType">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element ref="relMat" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element ref="relStdy" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element ref="relPubl" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
        <xs:element ref="othRefs" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

Downside

No structure. Mostly verbose entries.

UK Data Archive example

Abstract | Access | **Related** | Search

SERIES ABSTRACT

The Family Expenditure Survey (FES), which ran from 1961-2001, was a continuous annual survey that provided information on household and personal incomes, certain payments that recurred regularly (e.g. rent, gas and electricity bills, telephone accounts, insurances, season tickets and hire purchase payments), and included a detailed 14-day expenditure record. From 2001, the both the FES and the National Food Survey (NFS) were replaced by a new survey, the Expenditure and Food Survey (EFS), which subsequently became the 1940s CPS and the 1960s Survey of CFs from 2000.

DATA ACCESS

GN 33857 | FAMILY EXPENDITURE SURVEY, 1961-2001

RELATED RESOURCES

Related studies:

Family Resources Survey, 1979 (SN 1030)

Provenance (cont)

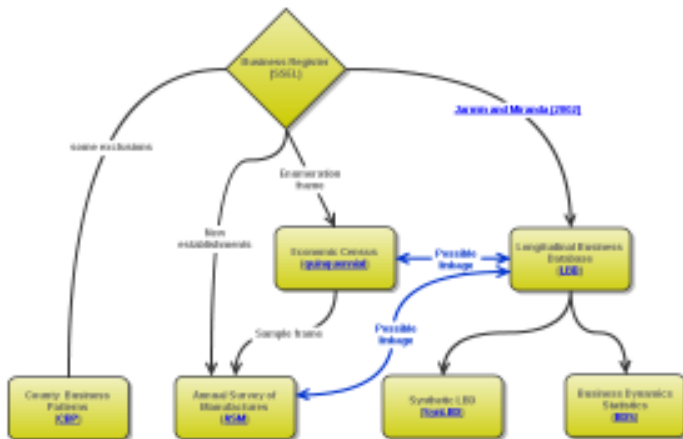
PROV model

W3C PROV Model based in the notions of

1. **entities** that are physical, digital, and conceptual things in the world;
2. **activities** that are dynamic aspects of the world that change and create entities; and
3. **agents** that are responsible for activities.
4. a set of **relationships** that can exist between them that express attribution, delegation, derivation, etc.

Incorporating PROV (LBD)

LBD Provenance

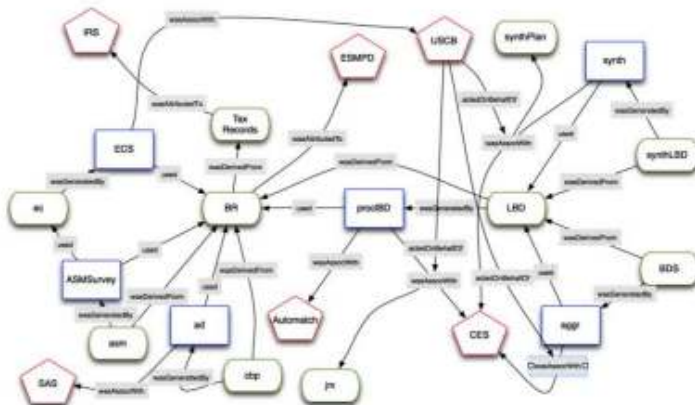


Incorporating PROV (LBD)

LBD Provenance



Incorporating PROV (LBD)



PROV as RDF

```

entity{cdr:LBD, [prov:type='cdr:dataset', prov:label="Longitudinal Business Data"]}
entity{cdr:synthLBD, [prov:type='cdr:dataset', prov:label="Synthetic LBD"]}
entity{cdr:BD5, [prov:type='cdr:dataset', prov:label="Business Dynamics Statistics"]}
entity{cdr:BR, [prov:type='cdr:dataset', prov:label="Business Register"]}
entity{cdr:cbp, [prov:type='cdr:dataset', prov:label="County Business Patterns"]}
entity{cdr:asm, [prov:type='cdr:dataset', prov:label="Annual Survey of Manufacturers"]}
entity{cdr:ec, [prov:type='cdr:dataset', prov:label="Economic Census"]}
entity{cdr:jm, [prov:type='prov:Plan', prov:label="Jarmin Miranda 2002"]}
entity{cdr:synthPlan, [prov:type='prov:Plan', prov:label="synthetic plan"]}
entity{cdr:tax, [prov:type='cdr:dataSet', prov:label="IRS Tax Records"]}

agent{cdr:USCB, [prov:type='prov:Organization, prov:label="US Census Bureau"]}
agent{cdr:CES, [prov:type='prov:Organization, prov:label="Center for Economic Studies"]}
agent{cdr:IRS, [prov:type='prov:Organization, prov:label="Internal Revenue Service"]}
agent{cdr:autoMatch, [prov:type='prov:SoftwareAgent']}
agent{cdr:SAS, [prov:type='prov:SoftwareAgent']}
agent{cdr:ESMPD, [prov:type='prov:SoftwareAgent',
  prov:label="Economic Statistical Methods and Programming Division"]}

activity{cdr:synth, [prov:label="anonymize"]}
activity{cdr:aggr, [prov:label="aggregate"]}
activity{cdr:procLBD, [prov:label="process LBD"]}
activity{cdr:ad, [prov:label="aggregation/disclosure protection"]}
activity{cdr:asmSurvey, [prov:label="ASM Survey"]}
activity{cdr:ecs, [prov:label="economic census survey"]}

```

The key PROV element embedded as DDI/XML

```

<stdyDscr> <!-- Standard DDI 2.5 -->
  <othrStdyMat> <!-- Standard DDI 2.5 -->
    <relStdy> <!-- Standard DDI 2.5 -->
      <!-- From here, PROV additions -->
      <prov:wasDerivedFrom>
        <prov:generatedEntity prov:ref="cdr:LBD"/>
        <prov:usedEntity prov:ref="cdr:BR"/>
      </prov:wasDerivedFrom>
      <prov:wasAssociatedWith>
        <prov:activity prov:ref="cdr:procLBD"/>
        <prov:agent prov:ref="cdr:CES"/>
        <prov:plan prov:ref="cdr:procLBDPlan"/>
      </prov:wasAssociatedWith>
    </relStdy> <!-- Standard DDI 2.5 -->
  </othrStdyMat> <!-- Standard DDI 2.5 -->
</stdyDscr><!-- Standard DDI 2.5 -->

```

Additional PROV elements

These could be derived from existing DDI elements (still being developed)

```

<!-- Entities -->
<prov:entity prov:id="cdr:BR">
  <dct:title>Business Register</dct:title>
</prov:entity>
<!-- Plans = Methodology -->
<prov:plan prov:id="cdr:procLBDPlan">
  <prov:location
    xsi:type="xsd:anyURI">
    http://ideas.repec.org/p/cen/wpaper/02-17.html
  </prov:location>
  <prov:type>prov:Plan</prov:type>
</prov:plan>

```

Work on PROV

More details forthcoming

- ▶ Lagoze, Williams, Vilhuber “Encoding Provenance Metadata for Social Science Datasets”, submitted to Metadata and Semantics Research Conference (November 2013)
- ▶ Lagoze, Williams, Vilhuber, Block “Encoding Provenance of Social Science Data: Integrating PROV with DDI”, accepted for 5th Annual European DDI User Conference (December 2013)

Usage scenario



Usage scenario

The screenshot displays the CEDAR web application interface. The header features the CEDAR logo and the tagline 'Enabling secure research into previously untreatable diseases'. Below the header, there are navigation tabs: Home, Search, Annotations, and Tools. The main content area is divided into a left sidebar and a central search results section.

Left Sidebar:

- Filter by Guidelines:** A section with four filter buttons, each labeled 'Show 1' and 'Hide'. The buttons are:
 - Guideline 1: [Blue button]
 - Guideline 2: [Blue button]
 - Guideline 3: [Blue button]
 - Guideline 4: [Blue button]
- Compare Variables:** A section with a 'Show/Hide' toggle.

Search Section:

Search

Showing 1 registered blood samples. [Download] [Delete] [Refresh]

Annotations: [Show] [Hide]

Table:

Variable Name	Low	Typical
Age	Median (IQR)	Median (IQR)
Sex	Male (IQR)	Female (IQR)
Weight	Median (IQR)	Median (IQR)
Height	Median (IQR)	Median (IQR)
BMI	Median (IQR)	Median (IQR)

[Download] [Delete] [Refresh]

Usage scenario

The screenshot displays the CEDAR web application interface. The header features the CEDAR logo and navigation links. The main content area is divided into a left sidebar and a central search results section.

Left Sidebar: Contains a 'Filter by Guidelines' section with several filter buttons (e.g., 'All', 'Guideline 1', 'Guideline 2') and a 'Compare Variations' section at the bottom.

Search Section: Includes a 'Search' heading, a search bar, and a 'Results' button. Below the search bar, there are tabs for 'View' and 'Filter'.

Search Results Table: A table with three columns: 'Variable Name', 'L100', and 'Toolbox'. The table lists several variables and their corresponding values.

Variable Name	L100	Toolbox
100	System-level configuration	System-level configuration
100	System-level configuration	System-level configuration
100	System-level configuration	System-level configuration
100	System-level configuration	System-level configuration
100	System-level configuration	System-level configuration
100	System-level configuration	System-level configuration

At the bottom of the table, there is a link: [View more results](#).

Usage scenario

The screenshot shows the CED²AR web application. At the top is a red header with the logo "CED²AR" and the tagline "The Comprehensive Economic Data Documentation and Access Repository". Below the header is a navigation bar with links: Search, Browse, Documentation, and About. The main content area displays a table with the following columns: Name, Label, Description, Concept, and Codebook. The table contains three rows of data, each with a blue link in the Name column.







Name	Label	Description	Concept	Codebook
emp	March 12 Employment			Conceptual Economic Database
emp-12	April 12 employment			Dataset 1245
emp	Quarter 1, March 12 Employment	Full employment consisting of full and part-time employment, including seasonal workers and employees of temporarily closed firms.		Dataset 1 conceptual Economic Database

At the bottom of the page, there is a copyright notice: "© 2012 Concept Economic, All Rights Reserved." and a link: "Download the application.".

Highlighting provenance

CED²AR
The Comprehensive Confidential Data Governance and Access Repository

Search Browse Visualizations About

Name	Label	Description	Concept	Codebook	Proximity
emp	March 12 Employment			Longitudinal Economic Database	 SexLED  National QW1
emp_1	QW1 Q1 employment			National QW1	 LED  SynLED
emp	Quarter 1, March 12 Employment	Full employment status of full and part-time employees, including contracted officers and employees of corporations, who are ... from		National Longitudinal Business Database	 LED  National QW1

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Information Management Systems

CED²AR next steps

- Formalize the DDI extension

CED²AR next steps

- ▶ Formalize the DDI extension
- ▶ Provide implementation outside of Census Bureau

CED²AR next steps

- ▶ Formalize the DDI extension
- ▶ Provide implementation outside of Census Bureau
- ▶ Test implementation within the Census RDC

The end

Thank you

- ▶ [3] for more details
- ▶ Labor Dynamics Institute
- ▶ VirtualRDC @ Cornell
- ▶ NCRN Cornell website

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Extra slides

Census Bureau

IRS

BLS

CDER

CRDC

France

Dataset usage in Census RDC

1,505 project-dataset pairs

Many projects use multiple datasets.

Economic (business) datasets

- ▶ 71% of datasets are business (economic) datasets
- ▶ Primarily establishment-based records from the Economic Censuses and Surveys, the Business Register, and the Longitudinal Business Database (LBD)
- ▶ They form the core of the modern industrial organization studies [5, 11] as well as modern gross job creation and destruction in macroeconomics [4, 6].
- ▶ But there are no public-use micro-data for these establishment-based products
- ▶ Exception: recently-released Synthetic LBD [2, 7]
- ▶ Currently no active curation (of derived datasets) [a], no way to reference [b], convoluted way to learn about the data structure [c*]

LEHD data

Linked employer-employee data

- ▶ Longitudinal and cross-sectional detail
- ▶ New confidentiality protection methodologies [1, 10] have unlocked large amounts of data for public-use: highly detailed local area tabulations exist based on the LEHD data
- ▶ But: no public-use micro-data exist for this longitudinal job frame or any of its derivative files.
- ▶ Confidential data are dynamic (quarterly changes)
- ▶ Currently some active curation (archiving, 10-yr!) [a*], no way to reference (publicly) [b*], convoluted way to learn about the data structure [c*]

Not unique to Census Bureau

Internal Revenue Service/ Social Security Administration

- ▶ New projects (Chetty et al, 2012; von Wachter and co-authors) have created and/or used linked longitudinal data at the IRS or the Social Security Administration.
- ▶ Neither agency has long-run experience at the statistical data curation function [a], (meta)data dissemination [b,c].
- ▶ Although both IRS and SSA have produced statistical tables for a long time.

Not unique to Census Bureau

Bureau of Labor Statistics

- ▶ Long history of making time-series available
- ▶ Limited access to microdata at the BLS
- ▶ Unknown curation [a]
- ▶ Even for public-use data, no way to reference specific releases [b]
- ▶ No well-established way to learn about microdata [c]

Canadian Centre for Data Development and Economic Research



The screenshot shows the Statistics Canada website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Canadian flag, "Statistics Canada" in English and French, and the "Canada" wordmark. Below this is a blue banner with a red maple leaf and the text "Statistics Canada" and "www.statcan.gc.ca". A navigation menu includes links for "Français", "Home", "Contact Us", "Help", "Search", and "canada.gc.ca". The main content area is titled "Data Sets" and lists various business micro-databases available at CDER. A sidebar on the left contains links for "Application process and guidelines", "Proposal requirements", "Application for accreditation", "Data sets", "Pricing policy", "Microdata research contract", "Frequently asked questions", and "Contact information".

Statistics Canada
www.statcan.gc.ca

[Français](#) | [Home](#) | [Contact Us](#) | [Help](#) | [Search](#) | [canada.gc.ca](#)

[Home](#) > [The Canadian Centre for Data Development and Economic Research \(CDER\)](#)

The Canadian Centre for Data Development and Economic Research

Data Sets

A number of business micro databases can be accessed at CDER. Key databases are listed below. For more documentation on each of the databases, or documentation on other databases, please [contact CDER](#) at cderr@statcan.gc.ca.

- [Annual Survey of Manufacturing](#)
- [Annual Survey of Manufacturing – Export and Import Registry Database](#)
- [Canada Border Service Agency Customs Database](#)
- [Capital and Investment Program](#)
- [Longitudinal Employment Analysis Program](#)
- [Longitudinal Worker File](#)
- [National Accounts Longitudinal Microdata File](#)
- [T2-LEAP](#)
- [T2-LEAP-Export and Import Registry Database](#)
- [Survey of Financing of Small and Medium Enterprises](#)
- [Survey of Innovation and Business Strategies](#)
- [Workplace Employee Survey](#)

Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM)

The ASM is a survey that covers all manufacturing locations together with associated head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units which have been classified to the manufacturing industries. Details of the survey are available on the CDER website.

Canadian Research Data Centres

RDC projects and
publications
Conferences
FAQ

top banner, then select the "Advanced Search" option and in the field "Include pages with all these words" type in the text url:rdc and add any key word. For example, "url:rdc census" which will result in all pages on the Research Data Centres Program website that contain the keyword "census".

Surveys available in the RDCs

The following data sets are currently available at the RDCs. For additional sources of data please refer to Statistics Canada [Products and Services](#).

To read a short **description** about a specific survey used at the RDCs, click on the survey details.

To access **detailed documentation** on a specific survey used at the RDCs, click on the appropriate cycle or year. Many of the surveys below have multiple cycles. The links below will take you to the most recent cycle or wave released. Please select "Other reference period" in the "Definitions, Data Sources and Methods Pages" for links to documentation for the earlier cycles.

Record Number	Survey Name	Acronym
0108	Aboriginal Children's Survey	ACS
3290	Aboriginal Peoples Survey	APS
3879	Adult Education and Training Survey	AETS
3207	Canadian Cancer Registry	CCR
3226	Canadian Community Health Survey - Annual Component	CCHS
5015	Canadian Community Health Survey - Mental Health	CCHS
5049	Canadian Community Health Survey - Nutrition	CCHS
5146	Canadian Community Health Survey - Healthy Aging	CCHS
5071	Canadian Health Measures Survey Globebook	CHMS
4440	Canadian Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey	CTUMS
	Census of Population - Additional documentation	
4508	Ethnic Diversity Survey - User Guide - Codebook	EDS
3504	Survey of Family E	

Canadian Research Data Centres

... but also not perfect

Attempt to access data information on General Social Survey

Access forbidden! / Accès interdit !

Access forbidden DLI!

This web module may only be accessed from the institutional networks of Canadian postsecondary institutions participating in the Data Liberation Initiative (DLI). If you are a student or a member of a participating institution and you are unable to access these pages through your institutional network, please inform the [DLI Contact at your institution](#).

Accès interdit IDD !

L'accès à ce module Web est restreint aux réseaux institutionnels des établissements postsecondaires canadiens membres de l'Initiative de démocratisation des données (IDD). Si vous êtes un étudiant ou personnel d'un établissement membre de l'IDD et vous ne réussissez pas à accéder à ce module par le biais de votre réseau institutionnel, veuillez informer [la personne responsable de l'IDD à votre établissement](#).



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Vilhuber, Abowd, Block, Lagoze, Williams
A. Machanavajjhala, D. Kifer, J. M. Abowd, J. Gehrmann

Data Management of Confidential Data